# UCSD Global Seminars Biodiversity of the Galapagos Islands and mainland Ecuador

...though macroscopic (BIEB 138GS) and microscopic lenses (BIMM 132GS)











### San Cristobal, Galapagos



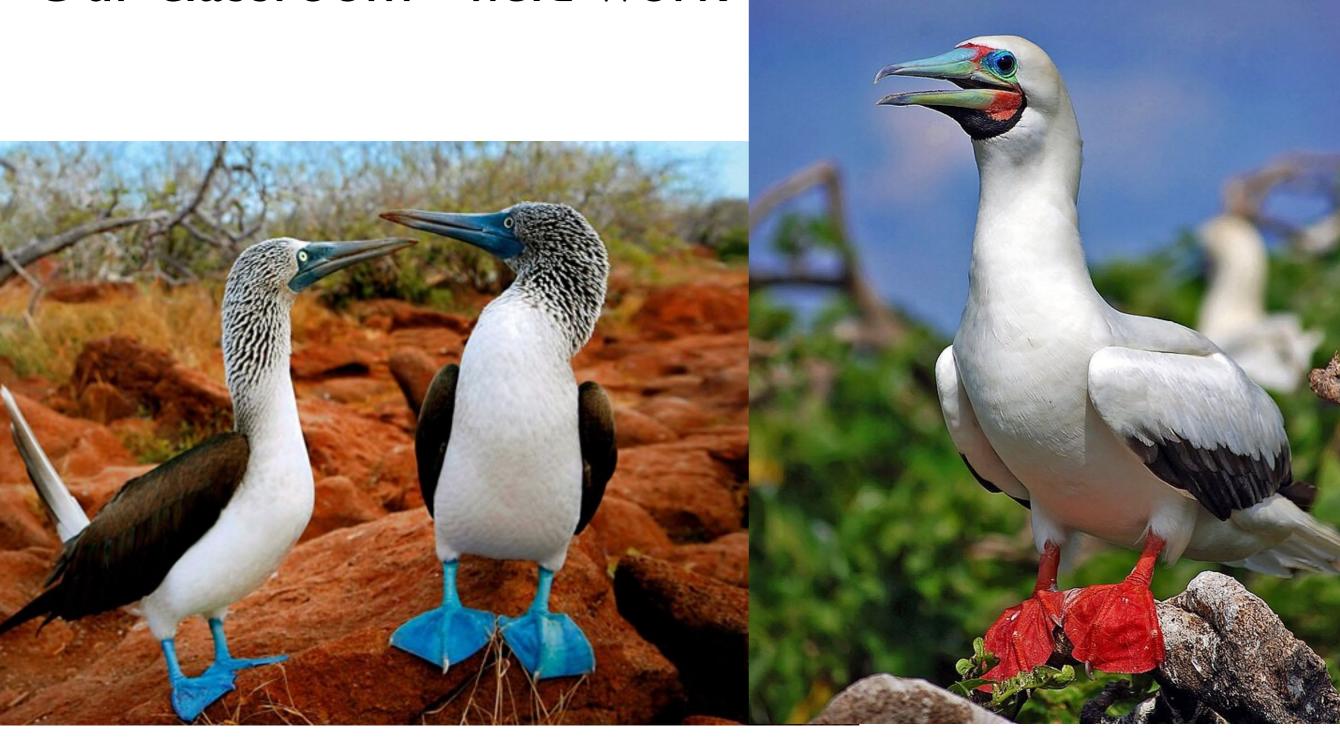
Field methods for studying plants, invertebrates, birds, mammals, microbes...

Frigate birds

Students will record observations in a field/lab journal



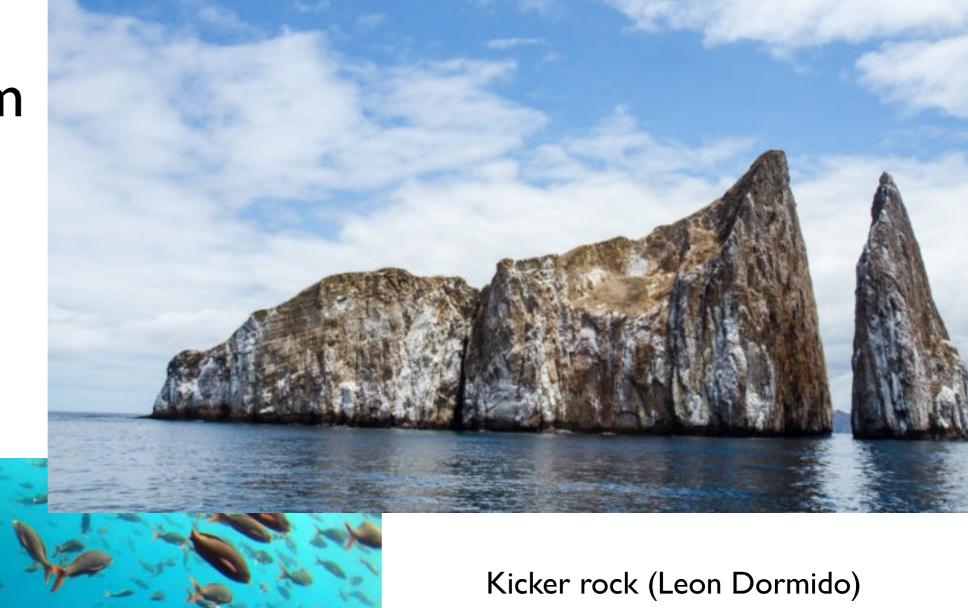
#### Our classroom - field work



**Blue-footed boobies** 

**Red-footed boobies** 

# Our classroom





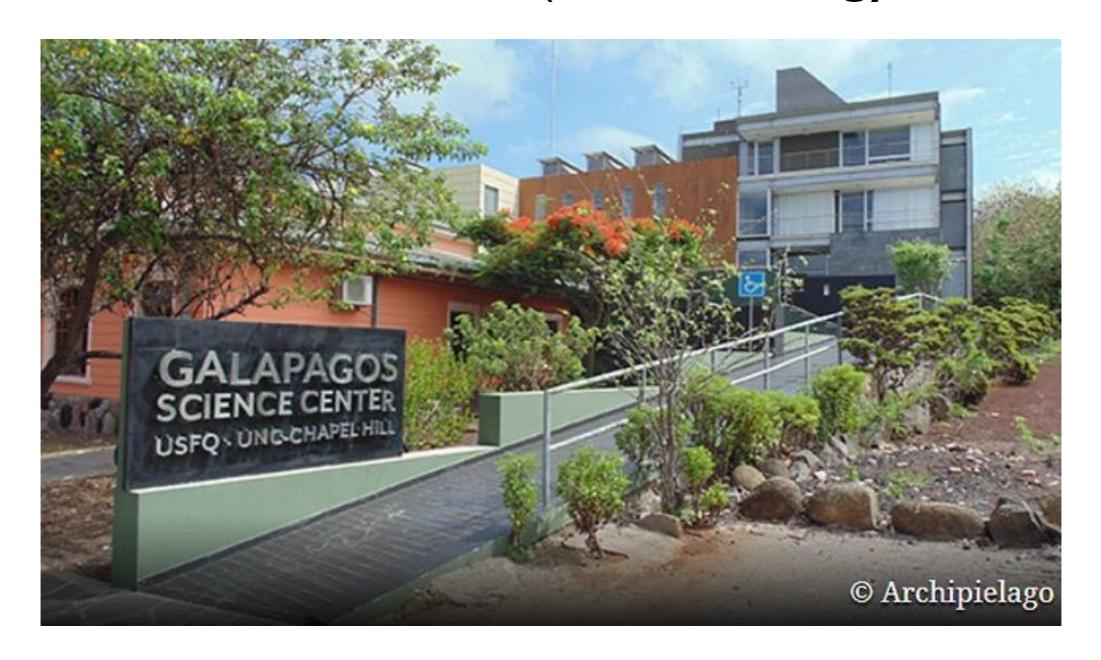


# Our lab classroom (microbiology activities)



Even if most of the time will be spent outdoor...

# Our lab classroom (microbiology activities)



- Learn about the research projects at the Center as well as the conservation effort to preserve the biodiversity of the Galapagos
- perform research activities to monitor the animals, plants and microbes of the island.

# Santa Cruz



#### Charles Darwin Research station - Land Iguanas



#### Charles Darwin Research station - Giant Tortoises



#### Santa Cruz - Lava tunnels

We'll observe the animals inside the tunnels



#### Santa Cruz - Garrapatero Beach



# Mainland Ecuador - Maquipucuna Cloud Forest



# Mainland Ecuador - Mashpi cocoa farm



#### Tiputini Biodiversity Station, Ecuadorian Amazon



... and all of the microbes that we cannot see by naked eye



# What to expect

- Appreciate the diversity of organisms in the field by making systematic natural history observations
- Take proper notes in a field/lab journal
- Learn about techniques used to study and monitor organisms
- Learn about the projects of conservations of the ecosystems of the Galapagos Islands and the Ecuadorian rainforest
- Read and understand scientific literature
- Design experiments to test hypotheses
- Communicate scientific findings orally and in writing
- Team work and community building
- Appreciation of different cultures

# Questions?

